

Mountsett Crematorium Joint Committee

5 October 2012

Adoption of New Code of Conduct for Councillors



Report of Sarah Grigor, Clerk to the Joint Committee

Purpose of the Report

1. To recommend the Joint Committee to agree the adoption of a new Code of Conduct.

Background

2. Members will recall in addition to formal recommendations made by the External Auditor in 2010, the following considerations/ recommendations were also made by the Treasurer to the Joint Committee based upon findings of the external audit of the Central Durham Crematorium Accounts 2009/10:

- R3 : Adoption of the lead authority member Code of Conduct by all members of the Mountsett Crematorium Joint Committee; and
- R4 : Requirement for a separate "Declaration of Interests" return to be completed by all members of the Joint Committee on an annual basis.

These recommendations were agreed by the Joint Committee at its meeting on 4 February 2011 and these points were formally incorporated into the Annual Governance Statement 2010/11 (Section 3 – Governance Framework), agreed by the Joint Committee at its meeting held on 17 June 2011.

3. On 25th July 2012 Durham County Council adopted a new Code of Conduct which incorporated the new statutory requirements on disclosable pecuniary interests following changes introduced under the Localism Act 2011.
4. Following the adoption of the new Code by the lead authority, it is therefore now necessary for the Joint Committee to adopt the same. In addition, each member is required under the new code to complete a Notification of Pecuniary or Other Interests form. Forms were circulated in hard copy to Members of the Joint Committee on 9 August 2012.

Recommendations

5. (i) That the Joint Committee adopt the Code of Conduct for Councillors annexed to this report as Appendix 2.
(ii) That all Members of the Joint Committee complete a copy of the Notification of Pecuniary and Other Interests form and return to the Clerk (circulated to members 9 August 2012).

Background Papers

- Annual Audit Letter 2009/10 – meeting of Central Durham Crematorium Joint Committee (CDCJC), 26 January 2011.
- Annual Governance Report and Annual Audit Letter, Progress Report – Report of the Treasurer to the Joint Committee – meeting of MCJC, 4 February 2011.
- Annual Governance Statement 2010/11 – Report of the Treasurer to the Joint Committee – meeting of MCJC, 25 June 2011.
- Adoption of New Code of Conduct for Councillors – Report of Head of Legal and Democratic Services and Monitoring Officer – meeting of Council, DCC, 25 July 2012.

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Appendix 1: Implications

Finance - Not directly in the report

Staffing - Not directly in the report

Risk - Not directly in the report

Equality and Diversity - Not directly in the report

Accommodation - Not directly in the report

Crime and Disorder - Not directly in the report

Human Rights - Not directly in the report

Consultation - Not directly in the report

Procurement - Not directly in the report

Disability Discrimination Act - Not directly in the report

Legal Implications - Within the body of the report

Appendix 2: Code of Conduct for Members

The County Council of Durham Code of Conduct for Members

The County Council of Durham (“the Council”) has adopted the following code which has effect from 26th July 2012 and which sets out the conduct that is expected of elected and co-opted members of the Council when they are acting in that capacity.

This means the code applies whenever you (a) conduct the business of the Council (including the business of your office as an elected councillor or co-opted member) or (b) act, claim to act or give the impression you are acting as a representative of the Council.

‘Co-opted member’ means any person who is a member of any committee or sub-committee of the Council with a right to vote but is not one of its elected members

The code is intended to be consistent with Nolan’s Seven Principles of Public Life, and should be read in the light of those principles, namely that Council Members will act with selflessness, integrity, objectivity, accountability, openness, honesty and leadership. Those Principles are not part of this Code but are set out in full at Annex 1 for information.

Part 1 - General Conduct

1. You must treat others with respect, including Council officers and other elected members.
2. You must not bully any person (including specifically any Council employee) and you must not intimidate or improperly influence, or attempt to intimidate or improperly influence, any person who is involved in any complaint about any alleged breach of this code of conduct.
3. You must not do anything which compromises or is likely to compromise the impartiality of anyone who works for or on behalf of the Council.
4. You must not conduct yourself in a manner which could reasonably be regarded as bringing the Council, or your office as a member of the Council, into disrepute.
5. You must not use or attempt to use your position as a member improperly to confer on or secure for yourself or any other person any advantage or disadvantage.
6. You must comply with any Protocol adopted by the Council which seeks to regulate the conduct of its elected members or co-opted members and which the Council has specifically declared should fall within the provisions of this code of conduct and which is listed in Annex 4 to this Code.
7. When using or authorising the use by others of the resources of the Council, you must act in accordance with the Council’s reasonable requirements (as set out in such protocol as it may adopt from time to

time for these purposes) and must ensure they are not used for party political purposes.

8. You must not prevent, or attempt to prevent, another person from gaining access to information to which they are entitled by law.
9. You must not disclose information which is given to you in confidence, or information which you believe or ought reasonably to be aware is of a confidential nature, unless:
 - (a) You have the consent of a person authorised to give it; or
 - (b) You are required by law to do so; or
 - (c) The disclosure is made to a third party for the purpose of obtaining professional advice, provided that the third party agrees not to disclose the information to any other person; or
 - (d) The disclosure is reasonable and in the public interest and made in good faith.
10. Where you have been involved in making any decision by the Council which is subsequently subject to scrutiny by an overview and scrutiny committee of the Council, you must not take part in that scrutiny process except to the extent you may be invited by the committee to give evidence to, or otherwise assist, it. In this paragraph, 'scrutiny' means the formal examination of a policy or decision previously approved or taken by or on behalf of the Council in order to reach a view as to its merits or effectiveness.

Part 2 - Registration of interests

11. You must register in the Council's Register of Members Interests information about your registerable personal interests. In this code of conduct 'your registerable personal interests' means:
 - (a) any Disclosable Pecuniary Interest as set out in Annex 2; or
 - (b) any other interest held by you as set out in Annex 3.

You must register information about your registerable personal interests by giving written notice to the Monitoring Officer, who maintains the Register, within 28 days of:

- your appointment as a member of the Council; and
- any change taking place in your registerable personal interests.

(Note: Failure without reasonable excuse to register a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest is a criminal offence under section 34 Localism Act 2011 as well as being a breach of this code)

12. Where you think that disclosure of the details of any of your registerable personal interests could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation, the Monitoring Officer may at your request make a note on the Register that you have a personal interest, details of which are withheld.

Part 3 – Non-registerable interests

13. You will have a non-registerable personal interest when you attend a meeting of the Council or Cabinet, or one of their committees or sub-committees, and you are, or ought reasonably to be, aware that a decision in relation to an item of business which is to be transacted might reasonably be regarded as affecting your well being or financial position, or the well being or financial position of a person described in paragraph 14 to a greater extent than most inhabitants of the area affected by the decision.
14. The persons referred to in paragraph 13 are:
 - (a) a member of your family;
 - (b) any person with whom you have a close association;
 - (c) in relation to persons described in (a) and (b), their employer, any firm in which they are a partner, or company of which they are a director or shareholder.

(Note:

 - (a) “A member of your family” means: your partner (i.e. your spouse, civil partner or anyone with whom you live in a similar capacity); your parent or parent-in-law; any child, stepchild or sibling of you or your partner; your grandparent, grandchild, aunt, uncle, nephew or niece; and the partners of any of those people.
 - (b) You have a “close association” with someone if your relationship is such that a reasonable member of the public might think you would be prepared to favour or disadvantage that person when deciding a matter which affects them).
15. When you attend a meeting of the Council or Cabinet, or one of their committees or sub-committees, and you are aware that you have a non-registerable interest in an item of business (as defined in paragraph 13) you must disclose that interest to the meeting before consideration of that item begins or (if later) when you become aware of the interest.

Part 4 - Non-Participation in Council Business

16. When you attend a meeting of the Council or Cabinet, or one of their committees or sub-committees, and you are aware that the criteria set out in paragraph 17 are satisfied in relation to any matter to be considered, or being considered at that meeting, you must :
 - (a) Declare that fact to the meeting;
 - (b) Not participate (or further participate) in any discussion of the matter at the meeting; and
 - (c) Not participate in any vote (or further vote) taken on the matter at the meeting;
 - (d) Leave the room whilst the matter is being discussed.

17. The criteria for the purposes of paragraph 16 are that:
- (a) You have a registerable or non-registerable personal interest in the matter which is such that a member of the public knowing the relevant facts would reasonably think it so significant that it is likely to prejudice your judgement of the public interest; and either
 - (b) The matter will affect the financial position of yourself or one of the persons or bodies referred to in paragraph 14 or in any of your register entries; or
 - (c) The matter concerns a request for any permission, licence, consent or registration which relates to or affects any of the persons referred to in paragraph 14 or in any of your register entries.

18. If a Council function can be discharged by you as a member acting alone and you are aware you have a registerable or non-registerable personal interest in any matter to be dealt with by in that way which meets the criteria set out in paragraph 17, you shall not deal with that matter in any way (except to enable it to be dealt with by someone else).

(Note: Failure, without reasonable excuse, to comply with paragraph 16 to 18 in relation to a Disclosable Pecuniary Interest is a criminal offence under section 34 Localism Act 2011 as well as being a breach of this code)

19. Paragraphs 16 to 18 do not apply if (i) you have a relevant dispensation under section 33 of the Localism Act 2011 or (ii) the matter in question relates to any of the following functions of the Council:
- (a) housing, where you are a Council tenant provided the matter does not relate particularly to your tenancy or lease;
 - (b) school meals or school transport, where you are a parent or guardian of a child in full-time education or a parent governor of a school, unless the matter relates particularly to the school your child attends;
 - (c) statutory sick pay where you are in receipt of, or entitled to receipt of, such pay;
 - (d) an allowance, payment or indemnity given to members;
 - (e) any ceremonial honour given to members; and
 - (f) setting council tax or a precept under the Local Government Finance Act 1992.

Annex 1 to Code of Conduct

Nolan's Seven Principles of Public Life

Selflessness

Holders of public office should take decisions solely in terms of the public interest. They should not do so in order to gain financial or other material benefits for themselves, their family, or their friends.

Integrity

Holders of public office should not place themselves under any financial or other obligation to outside individuals or organisations that might influence them in the performance of their official duties.

Objectivity

In carrying out public business, including making public appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for rewards and benefits, holders of public office should make choices on merit.

Accountability

Holders of public office are accountable for their decisions and actions to the public and must submit themselves to whatever scrutiny is appropriate to their office.

Openness

Holders of public office should be as open as possible about all the decisions and actions that they take. They should give reasons for their decisions and restrict information only when the wider public interest clearly demands.

Honesty

Holders of public office have a duty to declare any private interests relating to their public duties and to take steps to resolve any conflicts arising in a way that protects the public interest.

Leadership

Holders of public office should promote and support these principles by leadership and example.

Annex 2 to Code of Conduct

Disclosable Pecuniary Interests

(as defined by Regulations made by the Secretary of State under section 30 Localism Act 2011)

Please Note: The following interests are Disclosable Pecuniary Interests if they are an interest of either (a) **yourself**, or (b) **your spouse or civil partner**, or (c) **a person with whom you are living as husband and wife**, or (d) **a person with whom you are living as if you were civil partners** (all of whom are referred to as “relevant persons”):-

Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation - Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.

Sponsorship - Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period in respect of any expenses incurred by you in carrying out your duties as a member, or towards your election expenses.

This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.

Contracts - Any contract which is made between the relevant person (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest) and the Council —

- (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and
- (b) which has not been fully discharged.

Land - Any beneficial interest in land which is within the area of the Council.

Licences - Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the Council for a month or longer.

Corporate tenancies - Any tenancy where (to your knowledge)—

- (a) the landlord is the Council; and
- (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.

Securities - Any beneficial interest in securities of a body where—

- (a) that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the Council ; and
- (b) either—

- (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or

- (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.

Note: In the above descriptions, the following words have the following meanings –

“body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest” means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest;

“director” includes a member of the committee of management of an industrial and provident society;

“land” excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for the relevant person (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income;

“securities” means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

Annex 3 to Code of Conduct

Other Registerable Personal Interests

The other interests which you must register under paragraph 11(b) of the code are:

1. Any body of which you are a member (or in a position of general control or management) to which you are appointed or nominated by the Council;
2. Any body which (i) exercises functions of a public nature or (ii) has charitable purposes or (iii) one of whose principal purposes includes the influence of public opinion or policy (including any political party or trade union) of which you are a member (or in a position of general control or management);
3. Any person from whom you have received within the previous three years a gift or hospitality with an estimated value of more than £50 which is attributable to your position as an elected or co-opted member of the Council.

Note: These mean only your interests and not those of your spouse or civil partner